



VOLUME III.

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 5619. (1859.)

NUMBER 11.

The Weekly Gleaner,

A PERIODICAL DEVOTED TO
RELIGION, EDUCATION, BIBLICAL, AND
JEWISH ANTIQUITIES, LITERATURE
AND GENERAL NEWS.

JULIUS BUREAU.

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE 133 CLAY STREET.

TERMS.

For One Year—Payable in Advance.....	\$5 00
Two Copies, for one Year.....	8 00
For Six Months.....	3 00
For Three Months.....	1 50
For the Eastern States, Utah and Europe.....	3 00
Single Copies.....	12 1/2c

ADVERTISEMENTS Inserted on the
Most Reasonable Terms.

All communications to be addressed "EDITOR OF
THE GLEANER."

Poetry.



The Autumn Leaf.

BY CHARLES MACKAY.

Poor autumn leaf! down floating
Upon the blustering gale;
Torn from thy bough,
Where goest now,
Withered, and shrunk, and pale?

"I go, thou sad enquirer,
As list the winds to blow,
Sear, sapless, lost,
And tempest-tost,
I go where all things go.

"The rude winds bear me onward
As suiteth them not me,
O'er dale, o'er hill,
Through good, through ill,
As destiny bears thee.

"What thought for me one summer,
And threescore for thy breath—
I live my span,
Thou thine, poor man!
And then adown to death?

"And thus we go together;
For lofty as thy lot,
And lowly mine,
My fate is thine,
To die and be forgot."

The Discontented Squirrel.

In a pleasant wood, on the western
side of a ridge of mountains there lived a
Squirrel, who had passed two or three
years of his life very happily. At length
he began to grow discontented, and one
day fell into the following soliloquy:

"What! must I spend all my time in
this spot, running up and down the same
trees, gathering nuts and acorns, and do-
zing away months together in a hole? I
see a great many of the birds who in-
habit this wood ramble about to a dis-
tance, wherever their fancy leads them,
and, at the approach of winter, set out
for some remote country, where they en-
joy summer weather all the year round.
My neighbor Cuckoo tells me he is just
going; and even little Nightingale will
soon follow. To be sure, I have not
wings like them, but I have legs nim-
ble enough; and, if one does not use
them, one might as well be a mole or a
gormouse. I dare say I could reach to
that blue ridge which I see from the
tops of the trees; no doubt it must be a
fine place, for the sun comes directly
from it every morning, and it often ap-
pears all covered with red and yellow,
and the finest colors imaginable. There
can be no harm, at least, in trying; for I
can soon get back again if I don't like it.
I am resolved to go, and I will set out
to-morrow morning."

When Squirrel had taken this resolu-
tion, he could not sleep all night for
thinking of it; and, at the first peep of
day, prudently taking with him as much
provision as he could conveniently carry,
he began his journey in high spirits. He
presently got to the outside of the wood,
and entered upon the open moors that
reached to the foot of the hills. These
he crossed before the sun was gotten
high; and then, having eaten his break-
fast with an excellent appetite, he began
to ascend. It was heavy, toilsome work,
scrambling up the steep sides of the
mountain; but Squirrel was used to
climbing; so, for a while, he proceeded
expeditiously. Often, however, he was
obliged to stop and take breath; so that
it was a good deal past noon before he
had arrived at the summit of the first
cliff. Here he sat down to eat his din-
ner, and, looking back, was wonderfully
pleased with the fine prospect. The
wood in which he lived lay far beneath
his feet, and he viewed with scorn the
humble habitation in which he had been
born and bred.

When he looked forwards, however,
he was somewhat discouraged to observe
that another eminence rose above him,
full as distant as that to which he had
already reached, and he now began to

feel stiff and fatigued. However, after a
little rest, he set out again, though not
so briskly as before. The ground was
rugged, brown and bare; and, to his
great surprise, instead of finding it warm-
er as he got nearer the sun, he felt it
grow colder and colder. He had not
traveled two hours before his strength
and spirits were almost spent, and he
seriously thought of giving up the point,
and returning before night should come
on. While he was thus deliberating
with himself, clouds began to gather on
the mountain, and to take away all view
of distant objects. Presently a storm of
mingled snow and hail came down, driven
by a violent wind, which pelted poor
Squirrel most pitifully, and made him
quite unable to move forwards or back-
wards. Besides, he had completely lost
his road, and did not know which way to
turn towards that despised home, which
it was now his only desire to reach.—
The storm lasted till the approach of
night, and it was as much as he could do,
benumbed and weary as he was, to
crawl to the hollow of a rock at some
distance, which was the best lodging he
could find for the night. His provisions
were spent; so that, hungry and shiver-
ing, he crept into the farthest corner of
the cavern, and rolling himself up, with
his bushy tail over his back, he got a
little sleep, though disturbed by the cold,
and the shrill whistling of the wind
among the stones.

The morning broke over the distant
tops of the mountains, when Squirrel,
half-frozen and famished, came out of his
lodging, and advanced, as well as he
could, towards the brow of the hill, that
he might discover which way to take.—
As he was slowly creeping along, a hun-
gry kite, soaring in the air above, de-
scribed him, and making a stoop, carried
him off in her talons. Poor Squirrel,
losing his senses with the fright, was
borne away with vast rapidity, and
seemed inevitably doomed to become
food for the kite's young ones, when an
eagle, who had seen the kite seize her
prey, pursued her, in order to take it
from her, and, overtaking her, gave her
such a buffet as caused her to drop the
Squirrel in order to defend herself. The
poor animal kept falling through the air
a long time, till at last he alighted in the
midst of a thick tree, the soft leaves and
tender boughs of which so broke his fall
that, though stunned and breathless, he
escaped without material injury, and, af-
ter lying awhile, came to himself again;
but what was his pleasure and surprise
to find himself in the very tree which
contained his nest!

"Ah!" said he, "my dear native
place and peaceful home! if ever I am

again tempted to leave you, may I un-
dergo a second time all the miseries and
dangers from which I am now so won-
derfully escaped!"

An Ossified Man.

The *Ravena (Ohio) Journal* mentions
the case of a man whose body is gradu-
ally changing into stone. It began at
the age of eleven. His jaws have been
set and motionless for thirty years, and
his front teeth have loosened and come
out, forming an aperture through which
he talks and receives his food. Twenty-
four years since, he became blind of one
eye, and for twenty-three years he has
been totally blind. All his other senses
remain as perfect and acute as those of
any other person. His limbs remain
near the size they were when he was
hurt. His head, neck and body have at-
tained full size. His neck is nearly as
large as his head, and measures nineteen
inches in circumference, while his wrist
measures only four and a half.

Jackson's Epitaph on his Wife.

The *Richmond Examiner* says:—A
lady in the West has been kind enough
to send us a copy of Andrew Jackson's
epitaph on his wife. It is known to have
been his own composition, yet although
it has been read by hundreds on her tomb
in Tennessee, it has never appeared in
print before. This singular inscription
reads thus:

"Here lie the remains of Mrs. RACHEL JACK-
SON, wife of President JACKSON, who died the
22d of December, 1828, aged 61. Her face
was fair, her person pleasing, her temper amia-
ble, and her heart kind. She delighted in re-
lieving the wants of her fellow creatures, and
cultivated the divine pleasure, by the most lib-
eral and unpretending methods. To the poor
she was a benefactress; to the rich she was
an example; to the wretched a comforter; to
the prosperous an ornament; her pity went
hand in hand with her benevolence; and she
thanked her Creator for being permitted to do
good. A being so gentle and yet so virtuous,
slander might wound but could not dishonor—
even death, when he tore her from the arms of
her husband, could not transplant her to the
bosom of her God."

ACTION OF SUGAR ON THE TEETH.—
M. Larez, of France, in the course of
investigations on the teeth, has arrived
at the following conclusions: First, that
refined sugar, either from cane or beets,
is injurious to healthy teeth, either by
direct contact with these organs, or by
the gas developed owing to its stoppage
in the stomach; second, that if a tooth
is macerated in a saturated solution of
sugar, it is so much altered in the chem-
ical composition that it becomes gelati-
nous.

Jewish Intelligence.

A PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—March 1, about eleven o'clock in the evening, Mr. Seligman of Dayton, O., called on us at our residence, and requested us to accompany him early in the morning to Dayton, to attend the funeral of Mr. Wolf, who was killed by an accident. We arrived at Dayton about 8 A. M., where we learned the following painful particulars:

Mr. Joseph Wolf, a native of Wurtemberg, and for several years a resident of Dayton, supported his family from the earnings of his labor. He worked very hard to support his family honorably. Having seven children, it was not easy for him to do so. On Monday morning, February 28, he drove his vehicle to some part of the city. The horse, having a heavy load of wood to draw, suddenly stopped. Mr. Wolf, stepped in front of the horse, and attempted to make it go, without observing that he placed himself between a telegraph post and the shaft of his car. A sudden start of the horse forced the shaft of the car through the ribs and lungs of the unfortunate victim. The blood on the shaft shows that it entered about ten inches into the body. After twenty-four hours of agony, the poor man died, leaving a hapless widow and seven children, from two to fourteen years of age, to mourn their irreparable loss.

We have scarcely ever beheld a more melancholy scene than the burial of that poor man. There stood at the coffin a poor widow and seven helpless children, poorly dressed, pain-stricken and sad, weeping over the loss of the husband and father, who provided them with the morsel of bread they ate. The whole congregation of Dayton attended the funeral, and the sympathy was deep and general.

The Israelites of Dayton will collect some funds for the benefit of the bereaved family; but they are few in number and not wealthy. Therefore we appeal earnestly to all benevolent hearts to do something for the poor widow and her orphans. The deceased was an honest, industrious and hard-working individual, and his family deserves your support. All gifts for the family will be thankfully received and publicly acknowledged by the editor of the *Israelite*.

PURSUITS OF THE JEWS OF HUNGARY.—Apart from the many benevolent societies, there are here associations for the encouragement of young Israelites to follow agricultural and mechanical pursuits. The reproach that we are only a trading people, unfit for the more solid employments of life, is thus yearly diminished, and altogether refuted by the fact that hundreds of young Israelites are continually entering the workshops of the tailor, joiner, goldsmith, locksmith, etc., and by the still more telling fact that vast tracts of land, which formerly lay waste and uncultivated, now produce abundant crops, under the skillful husbandry of Israelitish farmers. Manufactures, too, on a large scale, are carried on by Israelites, throughout the land of Hungary. It may not be egotistical in me to say that, during my travels in Hungary, I made the personal acquaintance of many Israelites possessing factories for the production of glass, oil, cloth, potash, &c. The Israelites of Hungary have given ample proofs that they have made vast progress within the present century, in the various mechanical, agricultural and scientific pursuits; but the government still regards them as unfit for one pursuit—the politico-official. Nay, more—the government is as yet undecided whether they should allow their Hebrew subjects to hold the land they cultivate so well. The recent birth of an heir to the throne of Austria may, perhaps, bring about an amelioration of the political state of these most useful and industrious subjects. Such, at least, is the opinion of many competent judges. I, for my part, prefer to keep silence until something is done, and say, with the Frenchman, *Nous verrons*. At present, two months have gone since the birth of Rudolph II., and the prospects of our brethren in Hungary, as well as in all the other Austrian provinces, have not yet assumed a more favorable aspect.

FLORENCE.—The E. I. gives an account of the gratifying progress of education in the Florentine community; also of the considerable pecuniary sacrifices made in order to raise a temple commensurate with the number of worshippers and answering the spiritual wants of the congregation.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—The motion of Sir J. Trevelyan, to bring in a bill to abolish church-rates, was agreed to. Lord Bury obtained leave the same evening to bring in a bill to legalize marriage with a deceased wife's sister.

LONDON.—SUNDAY CONTRACTS.—There exists, as is well known, a peculiar kind of trading-mart in Petticoat-lane for the sale and exchange of jewelry, and this mart is held on Sunday morning in a public house at Petticoat-lane, and is attended almost exclusively by Jews. Some time since, at this mart, one Faine purchased upon credit of a Mr. Gaziansh a watch at the price of £7. The money was not paid, and the vendor summoned the purchaser for the amount, to the City Sheriff's Court. Defendant pleaded that the Lord's Day Act of King Charles II. prevented plaintiff from recovering, by declaring all contracts made on a Sunday to be void. The judge, Mr. Prendergast, Q. C., reluctantly admitted the objection. "If," said his honor, "two Jews contract a debt between them on the Lord's day of this land, the debt cannot be recovered at law." Verdict was therefore given for the defendant. We beg leave to vindicate the law from such injustice as that attributed to it by the learned judge. It is true that a sale made on Sunday is void at law, if made in pursuance of the seller's ordinary calling, but is a purchaser of goods on that day to be therefore allowed to retain his benefit of the void contract; If the contract be void, what right or property can defendant set up as to the subject of the pretended sale? A reference to the case of Williams v. Paul, 6, Bingham, 653, will show that, in a similar case to that just related, Mr. Justice Bayley ruled on the trial, that "the defendant, having kept the chattel, was liable on the quantum meruit" (the value of the article), "though not for the price agreed on by the bargain of Sunday."

COCHIN.—Cochin is most remarkable as the residence of the black and white Israelites who inhabit the suburbs of Kalvati and Mat-toucheri, which extend about half a mile along the blackwater of the S.E. of the town. In Mottonecheri there is a large but not very handsome Kostaram, or palace of the Raja; and close to it is the synagogue of the white Israelites, or Israelites of Jerusalem, who are said to have arrived in India at a much more recent date than the black Israelites, whose residence dates from time immemorial. The white Israelites inhabit the upper part of the Israelites' town, and the black Israelites the lower part. There are also a great number of black Israelites in the interior, their principal towns being Iritur, Parur, Chennotta, and Maleb. There is every reason to believe that the black Israelites were established at Crangamore, in the third or fourth century, A. D. They possess a copper grant from the Brahmin prince of Malabar, conferring the said place upon them, and dated 388, A. D., or, according to Hamilton, 499. Their synagogue is a plain edifice, with a small belfry, in which is a rude clock 200 years old. The floor is neatly paved with china, and there is a gilt recess at one end, veiled with a rich curtain. Behind this are folding doors, and within these are five copies of the Pentateuch in silver cases with covers of rich brocade. On one is a crown of gold presented by Col. McCaulay, a former resident. The copies are written in Hebrew on vellum, and in such beautiful characters as to match the engraving. In those synagogues the women sit apart from the men, in a gallery hidden with railings and net work. *Murray's Handbook for India*.

BAVARIA.—A benevolent gentleman of the Christian religion having bequeathed a sum of money for the benefit of mechanics of all religious denominations, the king decided that 45 per cent. thereof should accrue to Roman Catholics, 45 to Protestants, and 10 to Jews. By a decision of the supreme court of justice, the synagogue has been placed on a level with the church, as far as the privileges possessed by the public places of worship are concerned. The synagogues are accordingly withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the common civil courts and placed under the direct jurisdiction of the state authorities. The wardens will also possess the power of making all necessary regulations without submitting them, like other private societies, to the civil courts, and all proceedings against them will have to be taken in the higher courts.

PRUSSIA.—The Banking and Commercial Gazette informs us that the number of Prussian congregations which memorialized the Prince Regent in the Mortara affair were three hundred. The petition was drawn up by the heads of the Berlin congregation.

RUSSIA.—The loan with Messrs. Rothschild which has been under negotiation for some time past is now nearly concluded. It is to amount to thirty millions of roubles.

SECTS IN PRUSSIA.—A very influential journal, the *Allgemeine Zeitung*, of Augsburg, inquired recently, with obvious good faith, how it would be possible to maintain in practice the idea of the Christian State in a country in which the religious denominations were multiplying every day. Let this be judged of by the ecclesiastical statistics of Berlin alone.—There are in this city—1. The United, or National Church, which represents the immense majority of the population, and which, in its present form, has existed since 1817. 2. The Catholic Church, very free, and very independent of the State, although salaried by it.—3. The Lutheran Church, separated from the State since 1845, and numbering 1900 members. 4. The Moravian Church of Bohemia, founded in 1744, and to which the ministry of Gessner has imparted a vitality altogether new. 5. The Baptist Church, founded in 1837, and which has 350 members, under the pastorate of Mr. Lehmann, a faithful servant of God, animated by a spirit truly catholic. 6. An Irvingite congregation, dating from 1848, with 400 members, recruited mainly from the aristocratic classes, as is but natural with this semi-Papist sect. 7. The community of German Catholics, separated from Rome since 1845, reckoning 2000 members, divided into two confessions, and scarcely retaining anything of the Gospel save the name. 8. The French Reformed Church, in past times a great and powerful colony, but which has now become almost entirely German. 9. A Mennonite Church—the old German or Dutch Baptists. 10. The Greek Church. 11. The Anglican Church. 12. The Jewish Synagogue with more than 12,000 members! Such is the religious world of Berlin. And there are provincial cities, Elberfeld for example, where you would scarcely find less diversity. How should such facts not impress any Government whatsoever with a sense of the necessity of religious liberty? All theories to the contrary are of no avail, the liberty in question exists of necessity; nothing more has to be done than to give it legal sanction and proper regulation. *Jewish Chron.*

INCREASING INTOLERANCE IN AUSTRIA.—We copy the following from the "A. I."—At this moment there is a total eclipse of civilization in Austria. Thanks to the Roman concordat, the Protestant and Israelitish religions are now only tolerated creeds, that is, beyond the common law. The ministers of these religions are no longer salaried by the state. In Hungary the Protestant schools and churches are exposed to all kinds of vexations, detailed in the Saxon and Prussian papers. As for the Israelites, they are forbidden to hold any real estate. It is wished, as during the middle ages, to exclude them from all trade, and all honorable employment, and to leave them no other means of livelihood except usury, in order to be able to degrade, and to treat them as vile malefactors. Austria would willingly treat the Protestants in the same way, but she dares not do so openly, on account of Prussia. The Jews alone are and have been the scapegoats of mankind, and to increase the misery, the police contrives all kinds of the most vexatious annoyances against those wishing to quit this inhospitable country.

THE JEWISH COLONY AT KAI-FUNG-FOO, CHINA.—It is known that in this city, a remnant of a most ancient Jewish colony, isolated since centuries from all co-religionists, is still in existence, although in a decaying state.—On the proposition of the Rev. the Chief Rabbi, Sir Moses Montefiore, in conjunction with the Chief Rabbi, have been authorized to open a communication with these distant brethren. Our new Chinese ambassador will be requested to charge himself with a letter for them, and an effort will be made to induce two youths to come to England, with the view of giving them a European education, and then sending them back in order to infuse new life into the colony. The funds necessary for the undertaking have been placed at the disposal of the Chief Rabbi.

IONIAN ISLANDS.—It is, perhaps, not generally known that the Jews in the Ionian Islands are greatly oppressed. Sir Moses Montefiore, consequently, by direction of the Board of Deputies, addressed a memorial in behalf of his unfortunate brethren to the Lord High Commissioner, through the medium of the Home Secretary. From information received by the worthy baronet we have reason to believe that Sir E. Lytton Bulwer forwarded it to Corfu; but as Mr. Gladstone has been recalled it will probably come into the hands of his successor, Colonel Sir Henry Storks. Let us hope that his excellency will take it into favorable consideration. *Jewish Chronicle*.

THE CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER.—Our Chancellor's position is a proud one, if not so pleasant as it might be. There he stands—he, a Jew by birth—England's Chancellor of the Exchequer, and leader of the British House of Commons; one more instance of the triumph of the Caucasian race to be added to the long list which he drew out in his "Coningsby" some years ago. True, he is not loved by the party which he leads, and he knows it; but he also knows that it cannot do without him, and that if he is not loved he is feared. And we have not read Disraeli's character aright if this does not please him more than being loved. And we think we have seen indications of this sometimes in the curl of his lip, and an occasional flash or momentary sparkle of his generally veiled and inscrutable eyes. A singular person is our chancellor, reminding us at times of some of Byron's heroes.

JEWISH PAINTERS.—The adherents of Israelites to the letter of the law, prevented them, in former days, from devoting themselves to the art of painting. Modern views remove the obstacle, and lately Gioachino Levi has received the order, in preference to a number of competitors, to paint the Cathedral of Mondovi (Piedmont).

NEW YORK.—The Rev. Dr. S. Adler, the learned preacher of the Emanuel Congregation of New York, announces his willingness to give gratuitous instruction to young men in Hebrew Grammar, Exegesis and Talmud.—The offer of our reverend colleague is so generous and magnanimous that it needs no comment. *Israelite*.

EXCITEMENT IN THE COMMUNITY AT POSEN.—A despatch from Posen reports that "intense excitement exists among the Jewish community of the province, on account of an Israelitish child having been forcibly abducted by the Catholic priesthood without the authorities restoring the child to its bereaved mother."

VIENNA.—JEWISH POPULATION.—The Jewish resident population now amounts to 12,005 souls, and the strangers to 730. The first settlement of Jews there took place in the year 906, and the first mention of a synagogue there dates from 1156.

PARIS.—Baron James de Rothschild, on the occasion of the marriage of his son with the daughter of M. Anspach, Judge of the Imperial Court, sent a sum of 18,000 francs, to be divided among the twelve bureaux de bienfaisance of Paris.

SARDINIA.—The family of Franchetti, on their being raised to the baronetcy, distributed 10,000 francs among the poor. The family of Franchetti are famous for charity.

Jewish Wealth.

The Paris correspondent of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, M. Walsh, in his last letter, says:

"Last Saturday I fell into conversation with a very intelligent gentleman of the commercial and banking sphere, who mentioned to me his knowledge, derived from the latest annual report of the general supervisor of the books of the several firms of de Rothschild, of the aggregate amount of their capital or the sum at their instantaneous command—a milliard of francs—two hundred millions of dollars; he believed it to be, moreover, an unexaggerated estimate that the similar capital of the two Percires is at least a hundred millions of francs; of the Hottinguers, seventy-five millions of francs; of Mires and the Foulds, still higher; the Duke of Galiera, at the head of the Credit Mobilier, is held to be prodigiously opulent. The Percires have created for themselves a new fortune by the purchase of very extensive grounds within and without the walls of the capital, which they turn into streets and boulevards, with the certainty of the earliest and amplest proceeds.

The Chinese spend annually £90,000,000 (\$450,000,000) for incense to burn before their idols; about five shillings (one dollar and a quarter) for every man, woman and child in the Empire.

IN

North

For Fire

Established

Capital

ANNUAL

Chairman

Director of

George G.

son, 33 Mark

Thomas N.

Farquhar, an

Duncan Ja

37 Thra-dne

Sir Charles

James's Squ

William Mi

St. Petersbu

William W

Ca, Melbour

Medical Of

Bankers.—

Solicitors.

Secretary.

Vice-Secret

The Twent

was held on

the business

submitted to

Premiums

000, which,

provision for

loss a nett be

Premiums of

issued dur

Renewal Pre

est.

Total Reven

Claims durin

Number of P

capital am

Amount of A

Revenue fro

The Divide

ent. free of

Progress of

the Company

During the

Past Five

Years.

Imperial

ESTABLISH

THE U

ed per

buildings, a

applications

Brick Bu

chandise at

Also, Lif

term of lif

F

ap3

Fire an

No. 10

J. P. H

LIVERPO

COMPAN

MERCAN

ORIENT

Procto

A

ATTOR

ap3

INSURANCE OFFICES.

Northern Assurance Company,
1, Moorgate st., London.
For Fire and Life Assurance at Home and Abroad
Established in 1856—Incorporated by Special Act of
Parliament.
Capital, £1,259,760 or \$6,000,000.
ANNUAL REVENUE UPWARDS OF £180,000.

Chairman.—The Right Hon. Lord Ernest Bruce, M. P.,
Director of the National Provincial Bank of England.
George G. Anderson, Esq., of Messrs. G. and A. Ander-
son, 33 Mark Lane.
Thomas Newman Farquhar, Esq., of Messrs. John-
son, Farquhar, and Leech, 65 Moorgate st.
Duncan James Kay, Esq., of Messrs. Kay Finlay & Co.,
27 Th. adneedle street.
Sir Charles R. M'Drigror, Bart., 17 Charles street, St.
James's square.
William Miller, Esq., of Messrs. William Miller & Co.,
St. Petersburg; 135 Piccadilly.
William Westgarth, Esq., of Messrs. Westgarth, Ross &
Co., Melbourne; 20 Th. adneedle street.
Medical Officer.—Dr. Jefferson.
Bankers.—The Union Bank of London.
Solicitors.—Messrs. Johnston, Farquhar and Leech.
Secretary.—A. P. Fletcher.
Vice-Secretary.—Edward Fuchs.
The Twenty-Second Annual Meeting of this Company
was held on the 11th instant, when the following results of
the business for the year ending 31st January last, was
submitted to the Proprietors and Policy-holders.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Premiums for the year, £101,230 18 6—or about \$560,-
000, which, after payment of all losses and expenses, and
provision for all outstanding claims, left to the profit and
loss a net balance of \$10,837,111.6. About \$54,000.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Premiums of 422 new Policies issued during the year.....	£9,228 8 0	50,000
Renewal Premiums and Inter- est.....	66,891 19 6	330,000
Total Revenue for the year.....	£75,920 7 9	380,000
Claims during the year.....	23,448 12 2	115,000

Number of Policies current, for
capital amounting to.....£1,977,722 11 1 10,000,000
FINANCIAL POSITION.
Amount of Accumulated Funds £386,062 3 5 1,900,000
Revenue from all Sources.....184,164 6 10 920,000
The Dividend declared was at the former rate of 7½ per
cent. free of Income Tax.

Progress of the Company During the Past Five Years.

Year	Revenue	Capital	Dividend
1853	£20,824 4 7	£42,358 12 11	11%
1854	£27,303 0 0	£43,374 2 11	12%
1855	£77,850 19 9	£62,184 7 11	13%
1856	£91,308 3 6	£71,962 18 3	14%
1857	£101,230 18 6	£75,920 7 9	15%

SMITH, BRO. & CO., AGENTS,
Corner of California and Battery streets.

aug31st

FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE.

THE UNDERSIGNED agents will issue Policies on the
most favorable terms, for the following well known
and responsible Companies:
Hartford Fire Insurance Company.....Hartford
Phoenix Insurance Company.....Hartford
Merchant's Insurance Company.....Hartford
Quaker City Insurance Company.....Philadelphia

ALL LOSSES

Will be adjusted and paid at our Office, as soon as proofs are
rendered. EDWARD McLEAN & JOHN POWLER,
Agents.

OFFICE—Northeast corner of Clay and Battery streets
224 f

STEAMERS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS
—VIA—
THE ISTHMUS OF TEHUANTEPEC

THROUGH IN FIFTEEN DAYS,
Carrying the United States Mails,
ARRANGEMENTS HAVING been made
with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP
COMPANY for the transportation of PAS-
SANGERS and Freight from San Fran-
cisco to Ventosa, conveyance will hereafter

Leave Ventosa
Regularly on the arrival of the Company's vessels, on or
about the 15th and 30th of each month,
FOR SUCHIL,
Connecting there with the Company's new and beautiful
light draught iron steamer "SUCHIL" down the Costa-
coales River to Minatitlan; and the fast and favorite side-
wheel steamer "QUAKER CITY," F. W. Shufeldt,
Commander, will

Leave Minatitlan for New Orleans,
with the California Mails and Passengers, on or about the
2d and 17th of each month.
For Freight or Passage from Ventosa to New Orleans,
apply at the agency of the Louisiana-Tehuantepec Com-
pany, s w h-east corner of Montgomery and Jackson sts.
Dec. 10th
LUCIEN HERMANN, Agent.

Pacific Mail Steam Ship Co.'s Line.
—TO—
PANAMA
Connecting, by way of the Panama Railroad, with the
Steamers of the U. S. Mail Steamship Company
at Aspinwall.

For New York and New Orleans.
DEPARTURE FROM FOLSOM STREET WHARF.

The Splendid Steamship
SONORA!
LAPPIDGE, - - - - - Commander,
Will leave Folsom street Wharf, with the
United States Mails, Passengers and Treasure,
April 20th, at 9 A. M.,
—PUNCTUALLY—
A choice of berths on the Atlantic
steamers is secured by the early purchase of
Tickets in San Francisco.
For freight or passage, apply to
FORBES & BABCOCK, Agents,
Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets.
ap23-1d

California Steam Navigation Company.
Departure from Jackson Street Wharf.
CARRYING UNITED STATES MAILS.

MARCH 1, 1858.
Steamer NEW WORLD, Capt. SAMUEL SEYMOUR.
Steamer ANTELOPE, Capt. E. A. POOLE.
Steamer HELEN HENSLEY, Capt. E. T. CLARK.
Steamer J. BRAGDON, Capt. E. CONKLIN.
Steamer URILDA, Capt. E. Z. CLARK.
Steamer CORNELIA, Capt. E. CONKLIN.
One or more of the above Steamers will leave Jackson
street Wharf every day, at 4 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays ex-
cepted,) for

SACRAMENTO AND STOCKTON,
Connecting with the Draft Steamers for:
MARYSVILLE, COUSI, and REL BLUFFS.
For further particulars inquire at the Office of the Com-
pany, corner of Jackson and Front Streets.
feb5.6m J. WHITNEY, President.

Henry Hentsch,
BANKER,
No. 120 Montgomery Street.
Draws sight and time bills of exchange, on
De Rham & Co., New York.
Melly Romilly & Co., Liverpool.
Morris Prevost & Co., London.
Coulon & Co., London.
Hentsch Lutscher & Co. Paris.
Mussard, Audouard & Co. Paris.
Hentsch & Co. Geneve, Switzerland.
Schickler, Bros. Berlin.
Lutteroth & Co., Hamburg.
B. Metzler sons & Co., Frankfurt A. M.

Buyers certificates of deposit, and transact genera
banking business.
An Assay Office is annexed to the banking house
and liberal cash advances are made on gold dust to assay,
jan14.2m

BANKING, EXPRESS, &c.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA
EXPRESS
AND
EXCHANGE COMPANY.

CAPITAL,\$600,000.

D. N. BARNEY,.....PRESIDENT.
T. M. JAMES,.....TREASURER.

DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
IN SUMS TO SUIT,
On all the Cities of the
United States and Canada,
Union Bank of London,
London;
Royal Bank of Ireland, Dublin.
Advance on Gold Dust consigned for Assay, and Receive
Deposits, General and Special.

EXPRESS
Forwarders and Commission Agents:
SHIP TREASURE AT THE LOWEST RATES,
—AND—
Insure under our own open Policies, held with the best
English Companies, viz:—
Indemnity Mutual Marine;
Marine Insurance;
Royal Exchange Insurance; and
London Assurance.

FORWARD FREIGHT AND PARCELS
To all parts of the United States and Canada, and
through the "American and European Express and Ex-
change Company," to all parts of Europe. Execute Com-
missions, make Collections and Purchases, and attend
promptly to all matters pertaining to the Express business.

FORWARD DAILY EXPRESSES,
In charge of experienced and faithful Messengers, to all
the Towns and Mining Camps in California.
FORWARD SEMI-MONTHLY EXPRESSES
To Oregon and Intermediate Points on the Northern
Coast, Fort Townsend and Olympia.
To San Diego and Intermediate Points on the Southern
Coast, and by every vessel for the Sandwich Islands.
N. B. For the better security of ourselves and the
public, Agents in California, Oregon and Washington Ter-
ritories, are furnished with "Appointments," or Commis-
sions, specifying their powers as our Agents. Such "Ap-
pointments" they are required to keep exposed to the
public view in their places of business.
OFFICE—Corner California and Montgomery streets.
LOUIS McLANE,
General Agent for California.

G. W. BELL,
SAMUEL KNIGHT, } Superintendents.
feb26-6m

BOARDING HOUSES, &c.
To our friends in the country and in the Atlantic States
St. NICHOLAS HOTEL
Corner of Sansome and Commercial Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED (WELL KNOWN FOR THEIR
experience) have fitted up this splendid building with
special regard to the comfort and convenience of both
transient and permanent Boarders and Lodgers.
The St. Nicholas is the permanent residence of many
Families, to whom it has become endeared as a HOME;
consequently travellers stopping at this house are favored
with the pleasures of good society—a desideratum seldom
found in a hotel.
The table is well supplied with every delicacy. The
House is open at all hours,
A coach will always be in attendance to convey guests
to and from the boats.
ja29.5m
REGENSBURGER & STERN.

Private Boarding.
122 Commercial Street.
The undersigned is prepared to accommodate her
friends with suitable BOARDING AND LODGING.
N. B. Thankful for the patronage of the past she hopes,
by her endeavors and attention to the comfort of her
Boarders to merit a continuance for the future.
mar19.1f MRS. STODOLE.

SAULMAN'S
—COFFEESALOON, —
GERMAN BAKERY, AND CONFECTIONARY,
Armory Hall Building,
No. 128 Montgomery Street, corner of Sacramento,
SAN FRANCISCO.
AGENCY FOR RUSSIAN CAVIAR

Wedding Ceremonies, Balls, Parties,
ETC. ETC. ETC.
ORDERS FOR CONFECTIONERY, PASTRY, JEL-
LIES, CREAM, etc. for Wedding Ceremonies, Balls,
and Parties, received by
SAULMAN,
—ARMORY HALL BUILDING—
No. 128 Montgomery Street,
Who will furnish Families, Boarding Houses, and Hotels,
with all articles usually sold in a Bakery and Confectione-
ry Store, of a superior quality, on reasonable terms, and
at the shortest notice.
His long residence and extended custom is sufficient
warranty of the superiority of his productions. n51f
WORMSER BROTHERS,
Importers of and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors,
Southwest Corner California and Front streets.
Orders from the country carefully and strictly attended
to, and those who favor us may depend upon the quality
sent invariably being such as ordered. feb26-3m

PULU! PULU!

SCHREIBER'S
DEPOT,
180 JACKSON STREET,
NEXT DOOR TO HOTEL INTERNATIONAL.

Pulu is the Healthiest, Softest, Cheapest and most
Durable Material for Bedding now in use.
The Genuine Dry Pulu
Is imported from the
SANDWICH ISLANDS.

And sold only by
Jacob Schreiber.
180 Jackson Street
NEXT DOOR TO HOTEL INTERNATIONAL.

FLEAS will not live in Pulu Bedding. ja7-1f.

WASHINGTON MARKET 59 and 60
L. MILLER & CO.
BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL.
American Beef.

Orders to any part of the City and Country, will be
forwarded with the greatest promptness.
Orders for FRESH VEGETABLES and FISH will be
taken and forwarded to any part of the City according to
order. dec9.

L. MILLER & CO.,
59 & 60 WASHINGTON MARKET.
Has on hand a large supply of
Corned Beef, Tongues, Pickled and Smoked Beef, Sau-
sages and Rendered Fat, for PESAH.
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Country Customers, please send your orders early.

D. WOLF
Second street, between Minnie and Mission.
Has always on hand a large and excellent assortment of
BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL
Of a quality that cannot fail to recommend them to those
who have heretofore honored him with their confidence.
Keeps constantly on hand—
Home-Cured Smoked and Salt Beef,
Tongues, and Sausages, of all kinds.
N. B. Orders to any part of the city attended to with
promptness. program

DANIEL HARRIS,
Winchester Market,
Kearny street, between Pine and Bush,
No. 88.
All kinds of MEATS—Fresh, Home Cured, Smoked and
Salt Beef, Tongues, Sausages, &c.
Also—VEGETABLES in their season.
N. B. Orders to any part of the City FREELY attended
with promptness.
Mr. JACOBSON is the SMOOTHER. 1m.3m4

KOSHER MEAT.
SOLOMON GANS & CO.,
(SUCCESSOR TO YALE ABRAHAM.)
Jackson street, between Kearny and Dupont.
In the Old Pennsylvania Engine House,
SAN FRANCISCO.
All kinds of Meats—Fresh, Home Cured, Smoked,
and Salt Beef, Tongues, Sausages, &c.; also, VE-
GETABLES in their season.
N. B.—Orders to any part of the City freely attended to
with promptness.

TO FAMILIES!
GROCERIES OF FIRST
QUALITY,
at the well known old
WASHINGTON GROCERY
NO. 137 WASHINGTON STREET.
This well known store has, from the quality
of goods and the fairness of the prices, gained
too good a reputation to require any further
self recommendation. The proprietor, there-
fore, only desires to bring to notice, that he
has on hand an excellent assortment of Ger-
man and English articles apper taining to his
line, as: Dried Fruit, Pulse, Oatmeal, etc.
(fresh ground here) Pickles and Preserves;
Delicious Dutch Herrings, all of which he is
ready to dispose of,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
at moderate prices. j11-3m.

Imperial Fire and Life Insurance Co.
OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN 1808. CAPITAL, \$8,000,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECEIV-
ed permission to issue Policies insuring detached frame
buildings, and their furniture, are now prepared to receive
applications for the same.
Brick Buildings, and Merchandise stored in them, or Mer-
chandise stored afloat, insured against fire on the most
moderate terms.

Also, Life Insurance for a period of years, or the whole
term of life.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents,
ap3 128 California street.

Fire and Marine Insurance Agency,
No. 106 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

J. P. HAVEN & W. B. JOHNSTON
AGENTS FOR THE
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.—Capital, \$10,000,000.
MERCANTILE MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.
ORIENT MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

J. P. HAVEN,
Proctor and Advocate in Admiralty.
ADJUSTER OF AVERAGES.

GEORGE T. KNOX,
ATTORNEY AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
ap3

The Weekly Gleaner,

FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1859 (5619.)

NOTICE.

Recipients of the GLEANER who accept more than four copies, without returning them, addressed to our office, and marked "REFUSED" (as directed in a Circular invariably accompanying the first copy we send to parties recommended to us), are considered Subscribers. We, therefore, beg all those who do not wish to be considered Subscribers not to allow copies to be addressed to them until payment is claimed.

Parties changing their residences will oblige by giving us notice.

NOTICE.

Subscribers to the GLEANER may save us much time and trouble by paying their subscriptions to Freeman's Express Office, which are now established all over the country. All receipts specifying the amount and the time they cover, will be acknowledged every week in the columns of the GLEANER. The payments may be sent at our expense.

Our subscribers in the city and country will oblige by giving notice of any irregularity in their receipts of the GLEANER.

NOTICE.

Ophir Lodge No. 21, I. O. B. B., will hold their weekly meetings every Wednesday evening, at 7 1/2 o'clock, at the Temperance Hall in Washington, between Sansome and Montgomery streets.

Members and sojourning brethren of good standing are respectfully invited. F. TOPLITZ, Pres.

H. KOZMIMSKY, Sec.

OUR CHILDREN.

The Evil: Its Causes and Its Remedy.

REPLY TO "A PARENT."

Our children behave disrespectfully; they are not easily managed; fall considerably short of that respect which we, in the old country, showed to our parents; they not only do not respect age, but behave very superciliously towards it. They will not listen to any advice; the boy of sixteen thinks himself more knowing than the (really) experienced father, or grandfather, of sixty; and the girl—we beg pardon: we meant the "young lady"—of ten is already a perfect plague; no dress is good enough; every month another bonnet gets out of fashion; from some evening party where she imagines herself to have been slighted, she brings home a stock of ill humor which lasts her for a whole week; and to be brief, her mother is not sufficiently educated for her; for Ma knows no geography, algebra, mathematics, nor piano. As to religious instructions, they are out of question altogether; we cannot make them obedient by holding before their eyes the great sin of disobedience; they think and act as if they had no souls; sometimes, indeed, they slip the word "God," but the holy name seems to have dropped from the tip of the tongue; for it was so cold, that it never could have touched the heart.

Such are the evils, and others which we need not enumerate, complained of by "A Parent."

Sad enough, but if our friend would have looked a little beyond the scene that falls immediately under his observation; if he would have included the statistics of juvenile crimes; if he, again, would have looked at the consequences that must result from this state of childhood to future man and womanhood, he would have stood aghast. It, therefore, is no wonder that complaints are made in every direction about the state of our youths.

Having a certain portion of the com-

munity in view, to whom we address ourselves especially we are happy to state that we need not touch upon Jewish juvenile criminals; we looked attentively over the names in the criminal statistics, and in no instance remember to have found a Jewish juvenile criminal. We do not see boys of that class called the lower, idling in the streets; they are not to be found among the clubs of idlers to be met with in our streets. The least eminent position which that class seems to occupy among us is peddling articles of small value about the city—they are pedlars; but, we again repeat, we attentively look among the statistics of crime, and in no instance have found them criminals.*

THE ROOT OF THE EVIL.

The evil is the result of our home education, that of our public schools, of the total perversion of the religious schools, and the abuse of our (in themselves excellent) political institutions.

Divine Wisdom has constituted us creatures of habit of sympathy and imitation (we do instinctively what we see others do). As long as every house, indeed every house, presented symbols of love and piety, of the fear and love of God—as long as the child, in every father and mother found a servant of God (though in many instances the service was but formal and mechanical) who, on rising and on retiring, would address himself to God in prayer; who, at every meal would return thanks to the Dispenser of that meal—as long as the child received impressions of an invisible world by continually seeing actions performed before their eyes, which only have sense and meaning as long as they can be made to be messengers to that invisible world, to be words and deeds addressed and referred to God—as long as the child by a Sabbath Kiddush was reminded of the existence of sanctification by a sabbath rest, that man is created not to be a *perpetuum mobile* in this world, and that we have to live so as to prepare for rest in a life to come—as long as the child could see at his parents' table in week and sabbath day, the poor and the stranger taken home from the synagogue, and treated with that respect and deference which is due to misfortune, and which we owe to those sent by God, that we may exercise our spiritual and charitable faculties; and the giver thought himself more obliged than the receiver—as long as religion was visible in words and in deeds the child, was taught to believe, to trust, to reverence, and to obey—it learned the highest virtues, love, faith and charity, and all the faults in its parents were counterbalanced by the sanctifying influences which fascinated the child—and all tended to a blessing. But the gold has become dim; nay, it is turned dross.

It may be that, here and there, ancient piety is allowed to enter our home; but

* We here beg to speak a word in favor of a number of poor Hebrew boys in this city; they are the children of poor parents whom they help to support, besides supporting themselves; any article purchased from them, is partly bestowed in charity. May our merchants and housekeepers remember that, and look at these children with an eye of charity, and if they cannot elevate them to higher positions, let them at least encourage by purchases and kind words,

the exceptions are rare. In general, our modern enlightenment has been sufficiently developed to unfit us for the old system; but it has not advanced far enough to give us nerve and strength, nor have we had time to call forth new creations. We do not speak here of the evanescence of genuine piety, but, as to symbols—where are they?—What objects in our houses are reminiscences of holiness? Our pictures on the wall—do they teach Godliness?—do our splendid glasses reflect the life of the soul, or of a world of spirits?—do our carpets teach humility or meekness?—will cards and company replace the blessings of hospitality to the poor and stranger? And what is the child to learn from our conversation? Does it not seem that the only objects worth contending for are money and pleasure?

Do we show any object of reverence, of awe, to our children? Is there anything that we teach them to revere? True, they sometimes hear about God and his attributes. We sometimes give them lessons about duty; but they soon find them to be but lessons—that these objects are not as much the concerns of our lives as our other pursuits; they cannot see that God manifested in our lives; the child feels that we do not live that life which we teach the child God wants it to live—hence, we do not teach by example, nor do we communicate religious feelings, by sympathy; and history teaches us the result.

Formerly, reverence was paid to God, respect to the aged, the wise, the pious, and the learned. What is there now in Heaven, or on earth, in the family, the church, or the state, by which we teach our children respect? We have turned levelers, pullers-down; but our age aims at brooking no superiority, neither "in the heavens above," nor "on earth beneath;" and, the parents' eating sour grapes, the teeth of the children are set on edge; the parent sets the example, and the child copies, and we see the truth of the warning, that the sins of the fathers are visited upon their children; and the latter, in retaliation, pay "measure for measure."

OUR SCHOOL SYSTEM.

Another cause of the general lack of subordination in children, and its train of attending evils, is the present school system. We cultivate the intellectual and neglect the culture of the moral faculties. The child hears us praise with such a zest its "smartness," while we—only give a passive assent to virtue. Again, the study of history brings before the child not the account of domestic and social virtues—not the pious submission of suffering merit, nor the perseverance of honest industry to satisfy its want—not the recommendation of any of the cardinal virtues—no; that part of the history of the human race is passed over almost in silence, and we extol acts of violence as "valor." Insatiable ambition, wholesale robbery, rapine and bloodshed are recommended as deeds of greatness, and the perpetrators are called by high-sounding titles, and covered with decorations. We thus early teach the child the laws of resistance, and render him pugnacious and insubmissive. The

glorious acts of political revolutions thus become the seeds of social and domestic rebellion; and why should not the child also resist, and imitate the gods (demons) he is taught to adore?

THE DEMOCRACY OF THE CHURCH.

We now come to another source of evil, the existence of which is the more injurious, as there are but few who are aware of its existence. Our Church is modeled on the exact form of the State, and the result is, that an unregenerate people, without exception, choose for appearance, not unregenerate teachers, but mere unregenerate repeaters. The sermons dare not be admonitory; all that the repeater is allowed to do is to repeat, instead of a sermon, a rhetorical lesson, set him by those who hired his services. "Gentlemen, I am your servant," was repeated several times in the inaugural address of one of those chosen; he only spoke out what others act out. Need we, then, wonder that these men, being devoid of the spirit—being barren—cannot communicate religious sentiments by sympathy. Our repeater beats the time, and as we sow we reap.

We cannot use *pious men*; we want *smart men*. The ostensible teacher of religion, is not expected to be possessed of actual religion; we do not desire the man of strict probity, of honesty of purpose, of true piety; nay, those virtues would incapacitate him for our purposes, and, they would be in our way (we do not like to be put in the shade, or trammelled); what we do want, is a smart, yet pliable, passive man; the man who has naught to say for himself; the man who will not incommode us by his honesty and piety within, but who will be brilliant, and smart, and shed all his light outside. As in the education of our children we aim at smartness for appearance, so we hire smart men for appearance; hence we know not of one instance of regeneration or conversion effected by their ministry. We allow no spiritual influence to be exercised upon us; nay, we "strive against the spirit"—hence, spiritual death.

We need not say that those bodies who want *shochtim*, *hazanin*, and teachers of *Aleph Beth*, that they have no religious teachings. They see that the bullock be killed properly, but do not know how to select men to teach their children properly. The supply of their clerical wants is drawn from the halt, the lame and blind, from such as are not fit for anything else. As in the latter times of paganism, the worst cattle in the market, which was no longer fit for man's table, was offered to the gods (the idols); so, in these latter days of our old system, where the best and the worst men competed, the choice has decidedly fallen on the worst; they suit best on account of their greater affinities, and from our carnal proclivities: *similis simili gaudet*. "And, were we to vote on Religion, it would surely be the false one that would be the choice," says a gentleman of more than ordinary religious experience. (Dr. Scott in his commentary on 1 Kings, XVIII, 17, in the passage where King Ahab calleth the true prophet a disturber of Israel.)

THE RELIGIOUS SCHOOLS.

Oh! that those on whom the responsibility rests could only understand what they are about. Our parents mistake the reading (or translation) of Hebrew and ceremonies for religion; they mistake the recital of biblical items of history for religious instruction, and they think the mere historical teaching, without experience, to be all that is requisite for teaching religion.

What a sad mistake! If the fathers who spent the whole day in the *Heder* (Hebrew school), knew nothing of the Hebrew except the reading, how can the children learn it in three or four hours in the week? and, even if the children knew the Hebrew, what would that help them? But, as matters stand, we tell you honestly (though there can be as little objection to see the Jewish child learn to understand the Hebrew tongue as there is for the Roman Catholic to learn the Latin, for both languages were formerly continued in and now removed from the churches for similar reasons), that the Hebrew is a clog in our schools; it absorbs time that—having but a few hours to spare for religious instruction—is wanted for actual religious instruction; and, lastly, the study of the Hebrew is a shame to the children, as we find it is the most unpleasant time spent by the children at the religious school. However attractive we have ever been able to render the lessons, it was the Hebrew that always wearied the children, as if they instinctively felt that it was of no use to them. But our biblical history, taught by ordinary school teachers to children of an enlightened education, is a very road to infidelity; much less is it able to produce religious impressions which the school fails totally, as is fully experienced everywhere. No man can give what he does not possess; hence, the want of religious impressions to our children. We want a thorough organization—a transformation—and we hope the day is not far distant when the eyes of a few men will be opened, and earnest steps will be taken to provide what we want, not what we desire; so that, finding our downward path leads to ruin, we shall again venture to give the old system a new form, and we shall allow that form to operate on our hearts; we shall introduce it into our houses; we shall reform ourselves, and bring breath, spiritual life and godliness into the comely forms of our dear children.

How to Stop Blood.

Housekeepers, mechanics, and others, in handling knives, tools, or any sharp instrument, very frequently receive severe cuts, from which the blood flows copiously, and oftentimes endangering the life itself. Blood may be made to cease to flow, as follows: Take the fine dust of tea, and bind it close to the wound; it is all-times accessible and easy to be obtained. After the blood has ceased to flow, laudanum may be advantageously applied to the wound. Due regard to these instructions will save agitation of mind and running for the surgeon, who would probably make no better prescription if he were present.—*Masonic Mirror*.

A COWARD can stubbornly pursue a wrong, but it requires a brave man to confess an error,

DODD'S MESMERIC EXHIBITION.

Campe tells us of an honest diplomatist, who confessed that, in our days, it was no use for honest men to tell the truth—since we are so used to misrepresentations that we do not believe men when they speak the truth.

No little bitterness was lately manifested by the city papers about the Bulkhead question and the Walkup investigation. What one paper made an almost indispensable desideratum, the other called by such names that never pious man has found in his Testament. It seemed that all the ugly terms reachable were picked from all the dictionaries, and attached by one or the other side on the Bulkheaders and the anti-Bulkheaders in the last Legislature. Mr. Walkup, like Janus *biceps*, on one side is represented as a good angel—on the other, a wicked, fallen one; so that, after reading column after column, we do not yet know who was right and who was wrong.

All those who are acquainted with the principles of Mesmerism, and have been present at the exhibition at Musical Hall, have found that Mr. Dodds is a most powerful operator. Mr. Purdy, Judge Thompson, and Dr. Ayres, called out by the audience to examine whether Dr. Burkmar, having a pad and two handkerchiefs over his eyes, was able to use his physical eyes or not, ought to be allowed capable of judging; and there is no man who will think of a collusion of these gentlemen.

Any physician who would have examined Miss Girar, would have found her in a state of catalepsy; he needed not judge from the rigidity of her frame, nor from the remarkable position she occupied on the two chairs; even from the ease with which she sang, or even from the calm manner (those acquainted with the subject of Mesmerism, will understand what we mean); he had not to judge from these facts—but let any physician open the closed eye, and he would have been convinced that the eye of Miss G. was set; that Miss G. was in a state of catalepsy; and the eye is a true witness. Consequently, our Mesmerist has fully come up to all that he has promised.—This is our humble opinion, as also that of Dr. Ayres, with whom we have since conversed on the subject.

We did not wonder at the opposition; for why should Mesmerism meet with a better reception in California than in Germany, France, India and England (our enumeration, though geographically wrong, is chronologically right, as will be found by those who know the history of Mesmerism)? Nor do we wonder that those men, from the contents of whose columns it appears that they know nothing of the power (we will not call it "science" yet), we do not wonder that they were the loudest against it. What we do wonder at is the storm of abuse hurled against a man as yet so little known, and much less proved to be an impostor.

We are glad to see that Mr. Dodds understands his mission, and knew what he had to expect; we are still more glad to find that he has overcome the worst—that his audience on the 20th was appre-

ciative and dignified, and, we do not hesitate to say, fully satisfied that there was no imposition practised. Few, if any, among the audience who saw him operate last Wednesday night, will doubt his possessing the power with which nature has gifted most of us—a power reported to have been possessed by the men of the Old and the New Testaments, and by the nations of Asia and America. And, while we congratulate Mr. Dodd for his perseverance and decided success, we still more congratulate our age for the benefits it will, before long, receive from the exercise of that power, when applied in alleviating pain and curing ills; and we conclude these remarks with the words with which we commenced another editorial on Mesmerism in the *GLEANER* of October 22, 1859—that we are convinced that "this power as a remedial agent for a number of diseases, will one day supersede the old gross allopathic method of curing (tormenting and killing) patients, even as steam and the magnetic telegraph have set aside the ancient slow and awkward mode of locomotion."

Pilgrim Sunday School Pic Nic.

We return our thanks for cards and an invitation to the Pic-Nic of the Children of the Pilgrim Sunday School of San Francisco.

[It is a remarkable fact that but since comparatively recent times, (the latter part of last century,) the eyes of the civilized world were opened to the importance of bestowing special care to the early religious training of children. And it is astonishing what progress has been made in the culture of the religious sentiment in youth. Our neighbors have thousands of schools, with ten thousands of teachers tendering their services voluntarily: the children have a juvenile church service, with juvenile liturgies; juvenile libraries and juvenile newspapers are printed by millions. To give interest and life to these schools, to make them a means of cultivating love and communion among the children, and of sufficient strength to grow into a bond of union to the future church, as also to become a stimulant to virtue and a safeguard against *faux-pas*, the social virtues are early cultivated among the young flock.

Such a social party is given by the numerous friends of the children of the *Pilgrim Sunday School*, (First Unitarian Society,) at Russ' Gardens, on Saturday next. The pupils of the Protestant Orphan Asylum of San Francisco are also invited and will be present at the celebration. A happy time it will be to children, parents, and friends.

Many a blessing will be implored on the heads of the junior and senior participants; and we return our sincere thanks to Mr. Owen the superintendent, and to the managers for the pleasure afforded us by their kind invitation.

Free Psychological Exhibition.

Dr. W. Bovee Dods will give a free Psychological exhibition to ladies exclusively on Saturday the 23d, at 2½ o'clock P. M. A numerous attendance of ladies is expected.

The ladies who attend this exhibition will be called upon to appoint the evening when the benefit shall take place, the gross proceeds of which Dr. Dods kindly offered (on last Wednesday evening) to devote to any charitable purpose in this city which the ladies might propose.

Special Notices

MORE WONDERS!—The miracle of changing water into wine, as related in the Testament, loses some of its extraordinary wonder when we witness the astonishing exhibition of Dr. Dods in Electrical Psychology—a department of science now attracting more attention than ever, from people fond of research and investigation. We actually saw, at his rooms, at the Plaza Hotel, above the Plaza, a few days since, one of the subjects of his extraordinary influence, made drunk by drinking water! Another lost his identity, and actually believed himself so powerful that a sword, fit for the Archangel to wield, seemed light in his terrible hand. Another imagined himself a witch, riding through the air on a broomstick. The Doctor commenced a course of his attractive Lectures and Experiments on Monday evening, in Musical Hall, where the subject has been opened for the edification and investigation of the public.

CONGREGATION EMANUEL.

The semi-annual examination of the pupils of this School, attached to this Congregation, will be held on Sunday, April 24th, at noon, in the basement of the Broadway Synagogue. Parents and friends are cordially invited to attend.

G. S. GOODMAN,
Chairman School Committee.

April 22d.

WANTED.

SACRAMENTO, March 27th, 1859.

Wanted by the Hebrew Congregation of Sacramento, a person capable of Reader, Teacher, and Shochet. Applications will be received in writing.

Address the Secretary on or before the 15th of April, 1859.

By order of { A. HAMBURGER, Pres.
A. KOHN, Sec'y.

Chebrath Bikur Cholim Ukdocha.

This society will hold its regular meetings at the Hall of the Sons of Temperance, on Washington street, between Montgomery and Sansome, every second Sunday in each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. precisely.

L. KING, President.
S-15-tf SIMON CRANER, Secretary.

PAYMENTS.

FOREST CITY,
Mr. A. Rosenbaum, in adv., to.....III. 26
FOLSOM,
Mr. S. Zekind, \$3.50.
RED BLUFFS,
Messrs. S. Marks & Co., in adv., to...III. 39
Mr. M. Bloomingdale, in adv., to.....III. 39
Mr. L. Oppenheim, to date.
VISALIA,
Mr. M. Mitchel, in adv., toIII. 26

BIRTHS.

In this city, March 30th, the wife of Mr. Morris Schloss, of a Son.
At Volcano, Amador county, April 15th, the wife of Mr. Meyer Fabian, of a Son.

MARRIED.

At Big Oak Flat, Tuolumne county, April 13th, Michael Gilbert to Minna Stamper.

THANKS.—We return thanks to Mr. S. Zekind of Folsom for his disinterested services rendered to the *GLEANER*. Had we in every place, such friends we soon could see our organ increased to the size of those of our neighbors.

REMOVAL.—Mrs. Blochman has removed her millinery store to No. 234 Dupont street, near Green.

DISCOURAGING.

We like to use soft terms. Out of twelve bills which we sent this week, by express, to a certain place, three were paid; three are to be paid, and six refused payment, under the plea that the parties did not receive the *GLEANER*. As quite a recent letter from the Postmaster of that city—dated the 26th of last month—gave notice of but two papers that were not taken from that office, it is not likely that he, in noting two, could have overlooked six not taken out.

DRY GOODS.

F. HENDERSON,

No. 61 Sacramento-street,
SAN FRANCISCO.**New Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,**
BY THE ARRIVAL OF EVERY STEAMER
AND CLIPPER.Offered at the lowest Market Prices, to which I invite the
attention of City and Country Merchants.Assorted Prints—new styles; assorted Blankets;
Berth and Bed Blankets; "York Mills" Cottons;
Blue Denim—assorted; Linen Check and Hickory Shirts;
"Ashland," "Washington" and "Howard" Duck;
White and colored Marcellus Quilts; Brown Drill;
Brown Sheetting; assorted colors Flannel;
Ballard Vale White Flannel; Bleached and Slate Drills;
Bed Ticking—assorted; Bleached Shirtings—assorted
"Allendale" Sheetings—assorted widths
Fine Brown Shirtings; Gray Twilled Flannel.
N. B. Orders for the Country promptly supplied.
feb12 G4m

U. SIMON. L. DINKELSPIEL.

SIMON & DINKELSPIEL,

Importers and Jobbers of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HOSIERY, &c. &c.No. 79 California Street,
Corner of Battery and
California Streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

S. MAYER & BROS.,

Importers of

New, Fancy, and Staple Dry Goods,
85 CALIFORNIA STREET.Receive regular assortments by nearly every clipper
ship, as also by every steamer, which we offer for sale at
the lowest wholesale market rates.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Importers of

DRY GOODS,
Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.,
No. 71 California-street.Receive regular assortments by nearly every clipper in
as also by steamer, which we offer at the lowest wholesale
market prices. ap9-3m**GEO. W. CHAPIN & CO'S.**

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

AND

GENERAL AGENCY.Find Employment for and Supply all Kinds
of Help, Men and Wives for Farms, Hotels and
Families.House Servants, Harness Makers, Boiler Makers,
Cooks, Book Keepers, Fini-hers,
Seamstresses, Teachers, Tailors,
Stewards, Engineers, Painters,
Coachmen, Porters, Sail Makers,
Grooms, Miners, Marble Cutters,
Farm Hands, Laborers, Masons,
Day Laborers, Gas Fitters, Bricklayers,
Gardeners, Clerks, Plasterers,
Florists, Salesmen, Millers,
Laundresses, Bakers, Brewers,
Teamsters, Confectioners, Jewelers,
Lumbermen, Blacksmiths, Engravers,
Machinists, Big Smiths, Tailors,
Sawyers, Locksmiths, Brick Makers,
Coppersmiths, Hostlers, Moulders,
Gunsmiths, Butchers, Carpenters,
Metal Turners, Dairy-men, Boot Makers,
Wood Turners, &c., &c.

CHINESE COOKS AND LABORERS SUPPLIED.

ALSO, IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE,

**A HOUSE BROKERAGE AND REAL
ESTATE AGENCY.**

Attend to Renting Houses, Leasing Land, &c.

Bills Collected, Loans Negotiated,
goods bought on commission, &c.**COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY
ATTENDED TO.**N. E. CORNER KEARNY AND CLAY STREETS,
In the Museum Building,
San Francisco.

JOSEPH LORYEA,

Importer and Jobber in

CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE, LAMPS, &c.,Chandeliers, Plated & Britannia Ware,
Looking-Glasses, &c., &c.,No. 146 J-street, between 5th and 3th-streets,
SACRAMENTO.N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the City free
charge. ap9-3m

DRY GOODS.

DRY - GOODS.

Reynemann, Pick & Co.,

89 and 91 California st.,
(EMPIRE BLOCK),**IMPORTERS & JOBBERS,**
OFFER FOR SALE,

BY THE

PIECE OR PACKAGE,

**BLANKETS—RED, WHITE, BLUE AND
GREEN:**Prints,
French and English Me-
rinos,
Alpacas,
Castores,
Marcellus,
Carpetes,
Hearth Rugs,
Crumb Cloth,
Linen Goods, of all kinds,
Window Curtains,
Damasks,
Wool Plaids,
Ginghams,
Velvets,Hosiery,
Velvet Ribbons,
Black Oil Cloth,
Pilot and Beaver-
cloth, French Hats,
Bik Oil cloth
Hats,
Shirts,
French and English Mus-
lin Delane,
Spool Cotton,
Farmer's Satin,
Marshall's Lin-
en thread,
Bunting.

And a Full Assortment of

DRY - GOODS!
FOR SALE**AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.**
s29-1f**ADELSDORFER BROTHERS**

IMPORTERS OF

FANCY GOODS,**CUTLERY, PLAYING CARDS, YANKEE
NOTIONS, &c.**

No. 2 Custom House Block,

Corner of Sansome and Sacramento streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.ADELSDORFER BROTHERS receive regular shipments of
FANCY GOODS, from Europe and New York, and
Sell at the very Lowest Prices.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

Hosiery, Accordions, Perfumery, Playing Cards, Looking
Glasses, Combs, Brushes, Poite Mounies, &c.
Together with a Complete assortment of Yankee Notions.

S. W. ROSENSTOCK.

B. PRICE

ROSENSTOCK & PRICE,

Importers and Jobbers

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, &c.,

BATTERY STREET

San Francisco. dec17.

CHARLES HESS,

Dealer and Jobber in

DRY GOODS,
Clothing, Yankee Notions, &c.,

Sacramento-street, above Battery, (2d floor.)

N. B. All orders from the Country attended to with
despatch. ap9-3m

E. COLEMAN,

IMPORTER OF

Embroideries, Laces, Millinery Goods, Fringes, Ribbon
Velvets, Silks, Buttons, Trimmings, Fancy Notions, &c.

California Street, 3d Store from Sansome.

Basement. aug13-1f

Family Sewing Machines,

Manufactured by

WHEELER & WILSON.

H. C. HAYDEN, AGENT,

157 Sacramento-street, between Kearny and Mont-
gomery-streets.**ALBERT KUNER,****SEAL ENGRAVER AND DIE SINKER,**

167 Washington Street, San Francisco.

NOTARIAL SEALS, as prescribed by the
law of 1853. Masonic and Official Seals of every de-
scription. Ornamental Engraving and Marking at the short-
est notice, and at reasonable prices. ap3**DOOR PLATES ENGRAVED TO ORDER**

MASSEY & YUNG,

GENERAL FURNISHING UNDERTAKERS,

No. 161 Sacramento street, below Kearny, San Francisco.

The Subscribers are prepared to furnish everything in
their line of business in the best manner, and on the most
reasonable terms; as an evidence of this, we would call
attention to our Handsome Hearse, enclosed in French
Plate Glass, which protects the Remains from the weath-
er; also, our large stock on hand, which enables us to be
prepared at the shortest notice. [feb25-1f

DRY GOODS.

UHLFELDER. LEOPOLD CAHN
UHLFELDER & CAHN,
Importers and Jobbers in
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods
No. 84 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
G6m

SIMON BROTHERS,

SUCCESSORS TO

SIMON & BOHM

Importers and Jobbers of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods
59 Sacramento, betw. Battery and Front street;
SAN FRANCISCO.**JANSON, BOND & CO.**

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC**DRY GOODS,**No. 95,
Battery Street, corner of Clay,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Dec3

Hamburger Bros.Beg leave to announce to their Friends partic-
ularly, and to the public in general, that
they have resumed business.

They have reopened their store at :

111 Sacramento St. betw. Sans. and Mont.

where they will keep constantly on hand and
receive by every Steamer from the East, a
general ASSORTMENT of domestic and**FANCY DRY GOODS, CASHMERE,****EMBROIDERIES, MERINOS,****MILLINERY, GOODS, GLOVES,****TABLE CLOTH, HOSIERY,****YANKEE NOTIONS, LACES,****RIBBONS, GIMPS, SOCKS,****SILKS, ERINGES, PRINTS,****SHAWLS, PARASOLS,****LINENS, DIAPERS,****TOWELS, TICKS,****SHEETINGS, &c.,****ETC., ETC., ETC.**

Which they offer at the lowest market rates.

P. S. Store will be closed on Saturdays.

CLOTHING, &c.

Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!

For Men, for Boys, and for Children!

For all Mankind, including the

MILLION!

WHAT CHEER CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

118 Sacramento-street.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

HANDKERCHIEFS, CRAVATS,

SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, BELTS, &c.

For sale at New York Auction Prices.

Call and judge for yourself.

ASHIM BROTHERS,

mar19-4m

WM. MEYER & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Gentlemen's and Boys' Clothing,

No. 170 Clay Street.

(BETWEEN KEARNY AND MONTGOMERY STREETS.)

Jan22-G4m

L. KING & BROTHER,

Importers and Jobbers of

CLOTHING,**BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, ETC.**

No. 71 Battery St bet. Sacramento and Cal. sts.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

YOUNG'S BAZAAR,

CLAY STREET.

LADIES' CLOAKS, BONNETS, MANTILLAS,**PARASOLS, &c., &c.****Latest New York & Paris Styles.**

....ALSO....

FURS,A handsome assortment of FUR CAPES, VICTO-
RINES and CUFFS, of Martin, Mink and Fitch. ap15

HATS, CAPS, &c.

J. C. MEUSSDORFFER,
MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER

-OF-

HATS AND CAPS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

No. 165 Commercial Street.

Below Kearny, SAN FRANCISCO.

Our Stock contains always the latest European and
American styles.

Any kind of Hats (both Fur and Silk) made to order.

-ja30-3m

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & Co.
IMPORTERS OF**Fine****HAVANA CIGARS,**
TOBACCO, ETC.,Corner Clay and Battery Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. feb1**ST. LOSKY, LEVY & CO.,**

IMPORTERS OF THE

Choicest Brands

-OF-

Havana Cigars,

And Sole Agents for the sale, in California, of

La Flor de Cabanas, Partagas y Ca Havana109 California Street,
Next door to Alsop & Co.

L. & E. WERTHEIMER,

Importers and Dealers in

CIGARS AND TOBACCONo. 2 Franklin Building, Corner Sacramento and Batte-
ry Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. feb12-G4m**Cigars and Tobacco**

BY EVERY STEAMER.

FALKENSTEIN & CO.,

Southeast corner Commercial and Battery-st.

Orders promptly attended to. feb12-G4m

GENUINE MEERCHAUM**PIPES,****A. WASSERMANN & CO.,**

No. 3 Custom House Block, Sacramento-street, up-stair

IMPORTERS OF German and French

DRY & FANCY GOODS, CIGARS**GENUINE AND IMITATION****MEERCHAUM PIPES, ETC. ETC. ETC.**
feb13-3m**LEVINSON BROTHERS,**

Importers and Jobbers in

HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,
CHOICE BRANDS OF CHEWING AND**SMOKING TOBACCO.**

CIGARITOS, MATCHES, SNUFF, PIPES, ETC.

83 Battery Street,

Between California and Sacramento Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

feb19-G6m

LATEST BRANDS,

JUST RECEIVED,

CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!

Tried, Recommended and Found to be the "No Plus Ultra"

Kozminsky

Patten's Exchange Sansome Street.

mar19-3m

L. KRAMBACH,

Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CROCKERY,
Glassware, Plated and Britannia Ware

Cutlery, Lamps, &c.

No. 140 Clay Street,

Between Montgomery and Sansome, opposite Leide-
dorf Street, ap9-3m**STATE FAIR,**

....BY....

COLLINS & TIFFANY,WHO invite the public to their well-known, Establi-
ment, at**No. 171 Washington Street.**

(Late of 157 Commercial Street)

They have in store a full assortment of **SPRING****HATS,** for which the Premium was awarded; also, a

variety of Goods appertaining to this Branch, and a large

assortment of Soft, French Beaver Hats.

HATS MADE TO ORDER. feb 25 1f

PAINTS, OILS, &c.

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, &c.
OLIVER & BUCKLEY

Have now landing and in Store, and for sale at LOWEST RATES,

3000 kegs White Lead,
20,000 gals. Linseed Oil (boiled and raw),
10,000 " Spirits Turpentine,
2000 " Varnish (English and American),
700 doz. Paint and Whitewash Brushes (ass'd sizes),
3000 boxes Window Glass (ass'd sizes),
5700 lbs. Glue (ass'd qualities),
Together with a Large Stock of all Articles in our Line, which we are receiving regularly from the Best Manufacturers.

We have also at all times on hand

CAMPBELL,
SPERM OIL,
POLAR OIL,
TANNERS' OIL,
LARD OIL,
And SOLAR OIL.

In Lots to Suit, at

36 and 58 Washington St.
and

87 and 89 OREGON street.
oct15-3m2dp.

S. ROSENBAUM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Collections specially attended to.

ag. 27tf Oroville, Butte County.

JOSEPH SIMPSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

133 Clay st., Office No. 8, up stairs,
ag27tf San Francisco.

R. H. VANCE'S

Best Premium Photographs,

ALL OF WHICH WERE MADE BY myself and my two operators, who have been with me for many years. One is still with me, and the other is New York, getting all the Improvements of the day, which will shortly be given to my California Customers.

OUR...

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES,
AND...

AGUERREOTYPES,
WE...

Challenge the WORLD to Equal!

third-rate rooms can make capital of our Beautiful pictures, and employ help that happened to have worked me once in this City for six weeks, they are welcome to do so.

R. H. VANCE.

Corner Montgomery and Sacramento streets.

AGUERREOTYPES, AMBROTYPES,
Photographs and Painting,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

—BY—

HENRY BUSH,

No. 219 Washington Street, below Dupont.

WHETHER has passed that locality cannot but have noticed the splendid likenesses of Mr. Bush; and one of his patrons will leave his gallery ungratified. Mr. Bush takes the most perfect likenesses in the above series, from the Ring Size to Life-Size. He is the inventor of the new CAMERA OBSCURA, for which he has a patent. Mr. Bush is an Artist, devoted with unusual attention to his vocation. Those visiting his gallery will convince themselves that the number of years which he devoted to his profession have been well improved. Prices to suit the times and the demands.

FRUITS! FRUITS!

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,

For Sale, in Lots to Suit,

—BY—

GEORGE HUGHES,

Corner Sansome and Clay Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

B.—ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

[mar4-6m

AUCTION HOUSES, &c.

A. J. VANWINKLE

P. W. VANWINKLE.

VANWINKLE BROS. & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 112 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Advances made on Consignments, and special attention given to out-door Sales. ap15 3m

T. J. L. SMILEY. | JOS. YERKES. | GEO. W. SMILEY.

SMILEY, YERKES & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SALESROOM—S. W. corner of Sacramento and Sansome streets.

SALE DAYS:

MONDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales (in second story salesroom) of FRENCH GOODS, SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, STAPLE DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, &c.

WEDNESDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales of Boots, and BROGANS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, and SATURDAYS, } ap3

H. M. NEWHALL, | H. W. EDDY.

NEWHALL, GREGORY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

SALESROOM—Fire-Proof Brick Building corner of Sacramento and Battery Streets.

REGULAR SALE DAYS—Mondays and Thursdays.

Regular Sales by Catalogue,

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS, &c.

R. D. W. DAVIS & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

SALE DAYS—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

AT 10 o'clock, A. M.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the Fireproof Brick Store on the southwest corner of California and Sansome streets, will continue the Auction and Commission Business, under the name and style of R. D. W. DAVIS & CO. Gratefully acknowledging the favors heretofore extended to him, he respectfully solicits a share of patronage. ap3 R. D. W. DAVIS.

JAMES HAYES,

MANUFACTURER

AND

DEALER

IN

MARBLE

Grave Stones.



Chimney, Table & Counter Tops.

No. 166 CALIFORNIA STREET.

Hebrew Inscriptions executed with precision, and neatness. All work done in best manner, at the lowest prices.

JNO. J. MAHONEY,

PAPER BOX MANUFACTURER.

Shirt, Bonnet, Shoe, Notary, Jewelry, Wedding Cake

AND

All Kinds of Fancy Boxes

MADE TO ORDER.

Keeps constantly on hand Boxes of every description.

No. 110 Sacramento street,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME STREETS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. a6tf

KIMBALL'S

BOOK AUCTION.

SALE EVENINGS:

Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday.

GREAT CLOSING SALES

OF THE...

NOISY CARRIER'S

BOOK AND STATIONERY CO.,

—CONSISTING OF—

Poets, Travels, Romances,
LITHOGRAPHS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, Etc., Etc.

77 COMMERCIAL STREET.

apl-1f

AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

JEWELRY.



JOSEPH BROTHERS,

Importers and Manufacturers of

WATCHES,

Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware,

&c., &c.,

149 Montgomery street, between Clay and Merchant.

SAN FRANCISCO. ap9-3m

M. M. LEWIS,
Pioneer

WATCH & JEWELRY STORE,

No. 183 CLAY STREET.

HAS a large and desirable assortment of every description of JEWELRY, WATCHES, of the best manufacturers, QUARTZ JEWELRY and DIAMOND WORK, at most reasonable prices.

Diamond and Specimen Work manufactured to order, by skilful workmen.

No connection with any other house.

Don't forget the number, 183 CLAY STREET, between Montgomery and Kearny sts., opposite Court Block. may28

JOHN W. TUCKER,

IMPORTER OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

SILVER WARE.

Jewelry and Silver Plated Ware.

QUARTZ WORK OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.

Watches repaired with care and warranted.

No. 125 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Persons in the Interior desirous of purchasing articles of Jewelry, by forwarding a description, accompanied by the cash, can obtain them, and depend on their being of the best quality, and selected with care; and there is little doubt that this mode will prove as satisfactory to the purchasers as if the articles had been selected under their own supervision. feb 3-3m

BRAVERMAN & LEVY,

WATCH & MAKERS.

AND

JEWELERS,

No. 167 Washington Street,

HAVE Constantly on hand a large and

beautiful assortment of

FINE WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

QUARTZ WORK, ETC.

In Silver Ware,

We always keep a well selected stock of such articles as

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons;

silver candlesticks; silver cake baskets,

Silver waiters, silver censors, silver cups,

silver napkin rings, &c. &c.

Also—Silver Plated Ware, which we offer for sale at very low prices. mb6tf

Minister for San Francisco.

The Congregation Emanu-El of San Francisco, Cal. wishes to engage at the earliest possible date

A Minister and School-Superintendent,

and is now ready to receive applications

Amount of Salary Three thousand

dollars PER ANNUM, WITH THE

USUAL PERQUISITES.

Term of first engagement: NOT LESS

THAN THREE NOR MORE THAN

FIVE YEARS.

Applicants in all cases will please to send

in their Credentials, as well as all such referen

ces that may not only be necessary but also

tend to facilitate preliminary negotiations.

Henry Seligman

President

B. Hagan

Recd. Secy.

A. Fandler

A. Wasserman

Committee on Ministry

B. Hamburger

A. Halphen

H. Greenebaum

SAN FRANCISCO Nov. 14. 1858

dec17tf

PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS, &c.

CARL PRECHT,

Dr. Med. Chir. and Accoucheur

Office hours from 7 to 11 o'clock, A. M.

223 Dupont street, near to Washington

ly 10

DR. J. REGENSBURGER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

NO. 128 STOCKTON STREET,

Between Clay and Washington streets,

19.3m

San Francisco

A Card

Parties who wish to save their teeth or to have new ones inserted, are politely requested to call on Dr. Burbank, 125 Montgomery street, over J. W. Tucker's Jewelry Store. At his new office, Dr. B. is prepared to undertake any mechanical or medical operation relative to dentistry. Teeth are extracted, plugged, and whole sets made to order. Ladies and gentlemen whom this Card may interest, may satisfy themselves as to the dental skill of Dr. B., by inspecting specimens of his work. jan10-3m

ROBERT SANDER & CO.,

APOTHECARIES,

CALIFORNIA STREET,

Near Montgomery, Opposite the Express Building.

Prescriptions invariably prepared personally by Mr. Sander, whose experience is well established. feb5-G&V2m

Only \$1 per Bath!

AND LESS,

IF A NUMBER OF TICKETS ARE PURCHASED

DR. BOURNE'S

ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS!

AND

VAPOR BATHS!

SOUTHEAST CORNER OF

SANSOME AND COMMERCIAL STREETS,

(opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.)

As these Baths equalize the circulation and purify the blood, increase and equalize the nervous forces, improve appetite, deterge all effete matter, and impart universal warmth and strength to the system, they are invaluable aids in the cure of ALL diseases; but especially Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Fever, and Ague, &c.; and for Colds, Coughs, and all Affections of the Chest, are absolutely of unequalled efficacy.

But it is not proper to take a Bath until three hours or more, after a meal. They also remove from the human system Mercury in all its forms, as well as all other Mineral and Drug Poisons.

A department for ladies, which is attended by a competent lady.

The effect of POISON OAK thoroughly eradicated, frequently by a Single Bath.

DYSPEPSIA is permanently CURED (not patched up) in from six to ten weeks. Failure to cure is almost impossible.

House patients received—Ladies or Gentlemen.

The Electro-Chemical Baths are NOT administered to persons suffering with infectious or loathsome diseases.

CONSULTATION FREE! a12w

מצות

Matzoth!

מצות

Matzoth!

We beg leave to announce to the Hebrew Communities in California and Oregon that the contract for baking the MATZOTH for next Passover (Pesach) has been awarded us. Having baked the best kind of Matzoth last year, we shall certainly give entire satisfaction this time.

All orders to be left at the Oriental Bakery, Vallejo St. between Stockton and Powell St.; Bachmans Hotel, Battery St., or at the St. Nicholas Hotel Sansome Street.

N. B. Orders from the Country will be most promptly attended, and those in the City sent to any part free of charge.

Jan27

E. ADLER.

מצות NOTICE מצות

The Undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have formed a partnership for the purpose of baking MAZOS, and preparing MATZOTH MEAL. As the articles manufactured by them cannot be surpassed by any one, they therefore solicit a share of public patronage. All orders entrusted to them will be executed to the utmost satisfaction.

Macaroni, Sponge Cake, Chocolate, and Potato-Flour manufactured by A. Englander, one of the partners, can be had on application to either of them.

A. ENGLANDER.

P. BORN.

Shamash and Collector of Shearith Israel. MR. ELIAS WOOLF and JUDAH MARTIN are the Shamrim.

Bakery on Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny. Goods delivered to any part of the City, free of charge. Address any of the partners.

The Family.

A Beautiful Incident.

A naval officer being at sea in a dreadful storm, his lady was sitting in the cabin near him, and filled with alarm for the safety of the vessel, was so surprised at his composure and serenity that she cried out:

"My dear, are you not afraid? How is it possible you can be calm in such a dreadful storm?"

He rose from his chair, dashed it to the deck, drew his sword, and pointing it to the breast of his wife, exclaimed:

"Are you afraid?"

She instantly answered, "No!"

"Why?" said the officer.

"Because," rejoined the lady, "I know this sword is in the hands of my husband and he loves me too well to hurt me."

"Then," said he, "remember, I know in whom I believe, and that He who holds the winds in his fists and the water in the hollow of His hand is my father."

Eat Fat Meat.

It is the opinion of the ablest medical men in the country, that fat meat is essential to health. Doctor Dixon says the use of oil would decrease the victims of consumption nine-tenths. Doctor Hooker also says that, without fat meat, sooner or later, the body is almost certain to show the effects of deficient calorification. Young persons who will eat plentifully of fat meat will never die of consumption. Those who avoid the use of fat meat seldom live to a good old age, but die between the ages of twelve and forty-five. Remember this, and prepare your bodies for a good old age by eating plentifully of fat meat.—*Masonic Mirror*.

The Nursery.

"The very handling of the nursery is significant, and the petulance, the passion, the gentleness, the tranquility indicated by it, are all re-produced in the child. His soul is a purely receptive nature, and that for a considerable period, without choice or selection. A little further on, he begins voluntarily to copy everything he sees. Voice, manner, gait, everything the eye sees, the mimic instinct delights to act over. And thus we have a whole generation of future men receiving from us their very beginnings, and the deepest impulses of their life and immortality. They watch us every moment, in the family, before the hearth, and at the table; and when we are meaning them no good or evil, when we are conscious of exerting no influence over them, they are drawing from us impressions and moulds of habit which, if wrong, no heavenly discipline can wholly remove; or, if right, no bad association utterly dissipate. Now, it may be doubted, I think, whether, in all the active influence of our lives we do as much to shape the destiny of our fellow-men, as we do in this single article of unconscious influence over children."—*Masonic Mirror*.

The Confiding Child.

In the public school in Coates street above Twelfth, in this city, one day last week, while the school was in session, a transom window fell out with a crash. By some means the cry of "fire" was raised, and a terrible panic ensued. The scholars rushed into the street shrieking in wild dismay. The alarm extended to the teachers also, one of whom, a young lady, actually jumped from the window. Among the hundreds of children, with whom the building was crowded, was one girl among the best in the school, who, through all the frightful scene, maintained entire composure. The color indeed forsook her cheek. Her lip quivered. The tears stood in her eyes. But she moved not.

After order had been restored, and her companions had been brought back to their places, the question was asked her, how she came to sit still, without apparent alarm, when everybody else was in such a fright. "My father," said she, "is a fireman, and knows what to do in such a case, and he told me, if there was an alarm of fire in the school, I must just sit still." What a beautiful illustration of faith! "My father told me so, and my father knows!" This is the gist of the whole matter—implicit, unflinching trust in our Heavenly Father.—*Sunday School Times*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO CAPITALISTS AND OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE WHO CONTEMPLATE MAKING PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS.

PHOENIX WORKS.



KITTREDGE & FRASER,

PROPRIETORS of the PHOENIX IRON WORKS, San Francisco, desire to call your particular attention to the fact that they are extensively and successfully engaged in manufacturing Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters, Bank Vaults, Prison Cells, etc., etc., at Greatly Reduced Prices. Our practical knowledge of the business has been rendered complete by ten years' experience in San Francisco. Our best reference is our Work, which can be seen in nearly every city and town in this State and Oregon. Particular attention paid to orders from the country. A large assortment of second-hand Doors and Shutters constantly on hand, and for sale at very low rates, 172 Battery street, near Pacific, San Francisco.

A. B. Hallock, at Portland, is our Agent for Oregon.

C. & A. J. LANGLEY,

Importers of and Wholesale Dealers in
Drugs, Medicines, and Perfumery,
ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN
CHEMICALS.

No. 43 Commercial Street,
Between Battery and Front,
SAN FRANCISCO.

OUR OWN MANUFACTURE!!

N. DIESER,

Havana Segar Manufacturer,
No. 55 SACRAMENTO STREET,
Near Front, 1st stairs.

Connoisseurs who desire a SEGAR of a most delicious flavor, manufactured by myself expressly for this market, from the best Havana Tobacco, can be accommodated in quantities to suit at the most reasonable prices. Orders from the Country promptly attended to. Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

FRENCH, SPANISH & ITALIAN LIBRARY.

126 Montgomery street, ——— SAN FRANCISCO,
AND.....

Market Street, ——— SAN JOSE.

FREDERICO BIESTA,

[Successor to E. De Massey.]

Dealer in Stationery, Registers, Engravings, Water Colors, Writing and Drawing materials, Mathematical Instruments, Dress Boxes, Fancy Articles, Cutlery, Brushes, Perfumery, Play Cards, etc., etc. apl5

PETER SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

SALT, SMOKED, AND DRIED



No. 53 Clay Street, near Davis,

SAN FRANCISCO.

SEINES and GILL NETS Got up to Order.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

COME! — COME!! — COME!!!

AND SEE THE

PIONEER BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM.

E. NEWBERGER, 184 Clay Street, having taken the well-known stand formerly occupied by Messrs. Lester & Gibbs, solicits their customers, and the public in general, to his new and well selected stock of Philadelphia work, consisting of L. & C. Benkert's, Peter Conrad's, and Herth's Boots and Shoes. We also have Miles & Son's, King's, Miller's & McCurdy's Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes.

Goods received by every steamer.
C. G. BAXTER, formerly of J. R. Hughes, Salesman.
Boots and Shoes made to order by JOHN J. M. SHAW, late of Lester & Gibbs, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREEMAN & CO.'S
NEW YORK & CALIFORNIA
EXPRESS

CAPITAL STOCK, \$500,000.

Established 1855.) (Re-Organized 1859.)

HAVING Agencies at all the principal points in California, they are prepared to transact a general EXPRESS, FORWARDING and COMMISSION BUSINESS with Safety and Dispatch—offering

FACILITIES UNSURPASSED BY ANY EXPRESS COMPANY

For transporting Freight, Parcels, Packages and Treasure; and for

Collecting Notes, Drafts, Bills & Accounts

They will promptly attend to all Commissions and Consignments, and Orders for the purchase of Goods: connecting at New York with Responsible Express Companies to all points in the Atlantic States, and with

H. S. LANSING & COMPANY'S
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN EXPRESS
TO ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

PRINCIPAL OFFICES:
Corner California and Montgomery sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO.

320 Chestnut Street, ——— Philadelphia.
84 Washington Street, ——— Boston.
59 Broadway, ——— New York.
162 Baltimore Street, ——— Baltimore.
72 Camp Street, ——— New Orleans.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN M. FREEMAN, FREEMAN COBB,
JOHN K. STIMSON, JOSIAH HEDGECOCK,
CHAS. S. HIGGINS, L. W. WINCHESTER,
JOHN M. FREEMAN, President.

On and after the first of March, FREEMAN & CO. will run a Daily Express to all the following points:

Auburn	June Valley	Poverty Bar
Angela	Illinoistown	Redwood City
Amador	Jackson	Rough and Ready
Benicia	Jamestown	San Jose
Columbia	Knight's Ferry	Santa Clara
Campo Seco	Los Angeles	San Luis Obispo
Coloma	Lancha Plana	Salmon Falls
Chinese Camp	Marysville	Stockton
Dutch Flat	Michigan Bar	San Andreas
Diamond Springs	Mokelumne Hill	Shaw's Flat
Drytown	Martin's	Sacramento
Eldorado	Murphy's	Sutter Creek
Forest Hill	Morterey	Sonoma
Folsom	Nevada	San a Barbara
Georgetown	Napa	San Pedro
Grass Valley	Negro Hill	San Diego
Greenwood	Oroville	Volcano
Iowa Hill	Petaluma	Yalejo
	Placerville	Yankee Jim's.

As soon as arrangements can be perfected, they will run a Daily Express to all points in the Northern and Southern Mines; also, to all points on the Northern and Southern Coast.

C. S. HIGGINS,
Superintendent.

M. BERNHEIM,

(Late of Mercer and Bernheim.)

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER,
AND IMPORTER OF

CONFECTIONERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
No. 104 CLAY STREET,

Between Sansome and Battery,
Informs his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has opened this establishment, where he has constantly on hand a large stock of

STICK CANDIES, SEEDS,
ALMONDS, DROPS,
COMFITS, LUMPS,
MOTTOES, LOZENGES,
GUM-DROPS, JUJUBE PASTE, FRENCH BON-BONS,
AND.....

Every Variety of Confectionery!

A thorough acquaintance with the Business, by a practice of six years, renders him competent to guarantee his Goods.

Please call at No. 104 Clay street, San Francisco. Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention. mar 25 ft.

CAMPHENE AND OIL,

—Manufactured by—

A. C. DIETZ & CO,

Office and Store—132 Washington Street.

between Montgomery and Sansome opposite the market

We offer at the lowest market rates:

Camphene.

We can warrant our Camphene, to be superior to any other manufactured in this state, burning free of all smoke and giving a pure white flame, leaving no colour or crust on the wick after burning. We can produce positive proof, that one gallon of our Camphene will give as much light, as one gallon and a quart of any other, and a great advantage to country merchants and dealers, that it will keep good for six months, and burn as clear and free as the first day it was manufactured.

We have constantly on hand: Oil of all descriptions as

SPERM OIL,
LARD OIL,
POLAR OIL,
CHINA OIL,
NEATS FOOT OIL,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSSEED OIL &c. &c.
TURPENTINE,
BURNING FLUID AND
95 PERCENT ALCOHOL.

Also a large assortment of Lamps, of all descriptions. dec. 7.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LYCEUM.

Corner of Washington and Montgomery Streets.

THE OLD PRICES—25 and 50 Cents.

Engagement of the celebrated

YOUNG AMERICAN ACTRESS

MISS ALBERTINE,

Who will appear nightly in new and interesting pieces, supported by the most

POWERFUL STOCK COMPANY IN CALIFORNIA

Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain rises at a quarter, precisely. Box Office open from 10 to 4.

כשר על פסח

MRS. STODOLE,

121 COMMERCIAL STREET.

Between Montgomery and Leidesdorff Street

IS NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE

a number of Boarders, with or without Lodging, for PESAH, and respectfully solicits the patronage of her friends and customers.

apl 1

I. Friedman & M. L. Meyers,

222 Washington Street,

Between Dupont Street and Brenham Place

.... ARE BAKING....

MATZOTH

ORDERS taken at the corner of Dupont and Washington streets, in the Basement, by Mr. A. Mitchell, 148 Washington street.

כשר COSHER BOARDING

JOEL MINTZ has opened a Cosher Boarding house, No. 88 Commercial street, between Sansome and Battery. Gentlemen who wish to partake of a plain, healthy table, can be accommodated.

mar 25

כשר גענוץ פאט גאס

GOOSE FAT

JOEPOLD ENGLANDER 92 California street, has imported direct from Germany an excellent article of GOOSE FAT, which he sells at moderate prices. Families and dealers in the City and Country will served with this favorite commodity on the shortest notice.

mar 25

כשר PESAH.

GROCERIES FOR PESAH.

Every variety of Groceries for the Pesah Holidays offered at the well-known

WASHINGTON GROCERY,

137 Washington Street.

The eligibility of Qualities and Prices are too well known to require any recommendation. mar 25

A. KOHLER

No. 178 Washington Street.

FORTY CASES MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

Just received—such as

ACCORDEONS, FLUTINAS

GUITARS, VIOLINS,

BRASS INSTRUMENTS

..... ALSO.....

Tamborines, Banjos, Fifes, Flutes, Clarionets

Picaloes, Violin Bows, Bow-Hair, Roubins

Bridges, Pegs, Tail-Pieces,

Finger-Boards, Tuning-Forks, and all

Kind of Musical Instruments and Merchandise

SSS ROMAN STRINGS, 4 lengths and

4 Thread,

Fresh every Two Months from Italy.

ALL of these goods will be sold very low to the trade as they are direct importations from the manufacturers of Europe, and reported in large quantities by KOHLER. He will sell them 75 per cent. cheaper than any other House in California; therefore, it would be for the interest of all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

N.B.—Popular sheet music by every steamer. Toys and Fancy Goods by the case.

A. KOHLER.

178 Washington Street.

2nd STORY EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE

apl 1